MAXIM

Low-Cost, µP Supervisory Circuits

_____General Description

The MAX705-MAX708/MAX813L microprocessor (µP) supervisory circuits reduce the complexity and number of components required to monitor power-supply and battery functions in µP systems. These devices significantly improve system reliability and accuracy compared to separate ICs or discrete components.

The MAX705/MAX706/MAX813L provide four functions:

1) A reset output during power-up, power-down, and brownout conditions.

2) An independent watchdog output that goes low if the watchdog input has not been toggled within 1.6 seconds.

3) A 1.25V threshold detector for power-fail warning, low-battery detection, or for monitoring a power supply other than +5V.

4) An active-low manual-reset input.
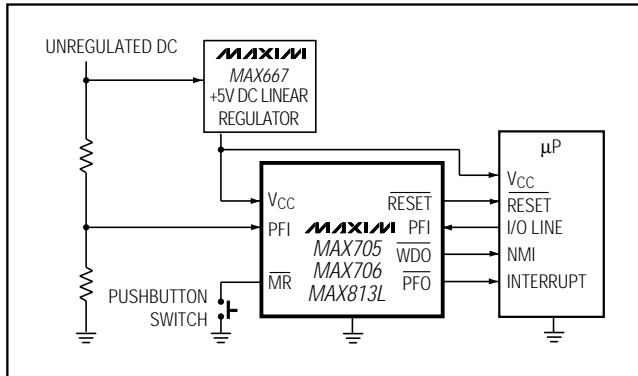
The MAX707/MAX708 are the same as the MAX705/MAX706, except an active-high reset is substituted for the watchdog timer. The MAX813L is the same as the MAX705, except RESET is provided instead of $\overline{\text{RESET}}$.

Two supply-voltage monitor levels are available: The MAX705/MAX707/MAX813L generate a reset pulse when the supply voltage drops below 4.65V, while the MAX706/MAX708 generate a reset pulse below 4.40V. All four parts are available in 8-pin DIP, SO and µMAX packages.

_____Applications

Computers
Controllers
Intelligent Instruments
Automotive Systems
Critical µP Power Monitoring

_____Typical Operating Circuit

_____Features

♦ **µMAX Package: Smallest 8-Pin SO**

♦ **Guaranteed $\overline{\text{RESET}}$ Valid at V_{CC} = 1V**

♦ **Precision Supply-Voltage Monitor**
 4.65V in MAX705/MAX707/MAX813L
 4.40V in MAX706/MAX708

♦ **200ms Reset Pulse Width**

♦ **Debounced TTL/CMOS-Compatible Manual-Reset Input**

♦ **Independent Watchdog Timer—1.6sec Timeout (MAX705/MAX706)**

♦ **Active-High Reset Output (MAX707/MAX708/MAX813L)**

♦ **Voltage Monitor for Power-Fail or Low-Battery Warning**

_____Ordering Information
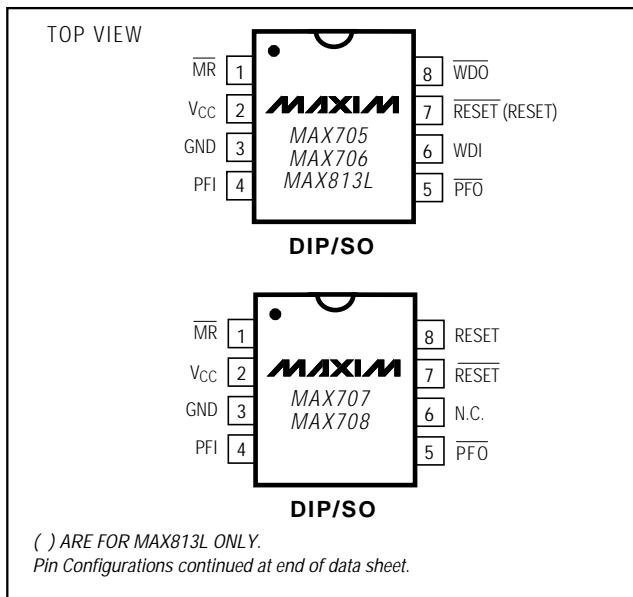
PART	TEMP. RANGE	PIN-PACKAGE
MAX705CPA	0°C to +70°C	8 Plastic DIP
MAX705CSA	0°C to +70°C	8 SO
MAX705CUA	0°C to +70°C	8 µMAX
MAX705C/D	0°C to +70°C	Dice*

Ordering Information continued at end of data sheet.

* Dice are specified at T_A = +25°C.

**Contact factory for availability and processing to MIL-STD-883.

_____Pin Configurations

( ) *ARE FOR MAX813L ONLY.*
Pin Configurations continued at end of data sheet.

Call toll free 1-800-998-8800 for free samples or literature.

Low-Cost, µP Supervisory Circuits

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

Terminal Voltage (with respect to GND)
V_{CC} .... -0.3V to 6.0V
All Other Inputs (Note 1) .... -0.3V to (V_{CC} + 0.3V)
Input Current
V_{CC} 20mA
GND 20mA
Output Current (all outputs) 20mA
Continuous Power Dissipation
Plastic DIP (derate 9.09mW/°C above +70°C) 727mW

SO (derate 5.88mW/°C above +70°C) 471mW
µMAX (derate 4.10mW/°C above +70°C) 330mW
CERDIP (derate 8.00mW/°C above +70°C) 640mW
Operating Temperature Ranges
MAX70_C__, MAX813LC__ .... 0°C to +70°C
MAX70_E__, MAX813LE__ .... -40°C to +85°C
MAX70_MJA .... -55°C to +125°C
Storage Temperature Range .... -65°C to +160°C
Lead Temperature (soldering, 10sec) .... +300°C

Note 1: The input voltage limits on PFI and $\overline{MR}$ can be exceeded if the input current is less than 10mA.

Stresses beyond those listed under "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated in the operational sections of the specifications is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

(V_{CC} = 4.75V to 5.5V for MAX705/MAX707/MAX813L, V_{CC} = 4.5V to 5.5V for MAX706/MAX708, T_A = T_{MIN} to T_{MAX}, unless otherwise noted.)

PARAMETER		SYMBOL	CONDITIONS		MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
Operating Voltage Range		V_{CC}	MAX70_C		1.0		5.5	V
			MAX813LC		1.1		5.5	
			MAX70_E/M, MAX813LE/M		1.2		5.5	
Supply Current		I_{SUPPLY}	MAX705C, MAX706C, MAX813LC			150	350	µA
			MAX705E/M, MAX706E/M, MAX813LE/M			150	500	
			MAX707C, MAX708C			50	350	
			MAX707E/M, MAX708E/M			50	500	
Reset Threshold (Note 2)		V_{RT}	MAX705, MAX707, MAX813L		4.50	4.65	4.75	V
			MAX706, MAX708		4.25	4.40	4.50	
Reset Threshold Hysteresis (Note 2)						40		mV
Reset Pulse Width (Note 2)		t_{RS}			140	200	280	ms
$\overline{RESET}$ Output Voltage			I_{SOURCE} = 800µA		V_{CC} - 1.5			V
			I_{SINK} = 3.2mA				0.4	
			MAX70_C, V_{CC} = 1V, I_{SINK} = 50µA				0.3	
			MAX70_E/M, V_{CC} = 1.2V, I_{SINK} = 100µA				0.3	
RESET Output Voltage			MAX707, MAX708, I_{SOURCE} = 800µA		V_{CC} - 1.5			V
			MAX707, MAX708, I_{SINK} = 1.2mA				0.4	
			MAX813LC, I_{SOURCE} = 4µA, V_{CC} = 1.1V		0.8			
			MAX813LE/M, I_{SOURCE} = 4µA, V_{CC} = 1.2V		0.9			
			MAX813L	I_{SOURCE} = 800µA	V_{CC} - 1.5			
				I_{SINK} = 3.2mA			0.4	
Watchdog Timeout Period		t_{WD}	MAX705, MAX706, MAX813L		1.00	1.60	2.25	sec
WDI Pulse Width		t_{WP}	V_{IL} = 0.4V, V_{IH} = (V_{CC}) (0.8)		50			ns
WDI Input Threshold	Low		MAX705, MAX706, MAX813L,				0.8	V
	High		V_{CC} = 5V		3.5			
WDI Input Current			MAX705, MAX706, MAX813L, WDI = V_{CC}			50	150	µA
			MAX705, MAX706, MAX813L, WDI = 0V		-150	-50		
$\overline{WDO}$ Output Voltage			MAX705, MAX706, MAX813L, I_{SOURCE} = 800µA		V_{CC} - 1.5			V
			MAX705, MAX706, MAX813L, I_{SINK} = 1.2mA				0.4	

MAXIM

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (continued)
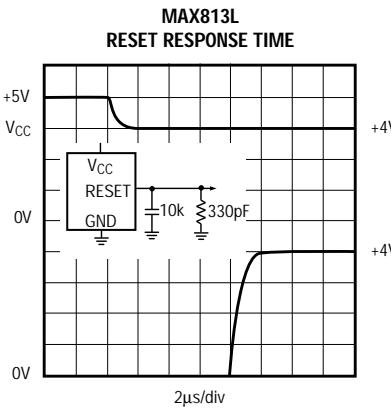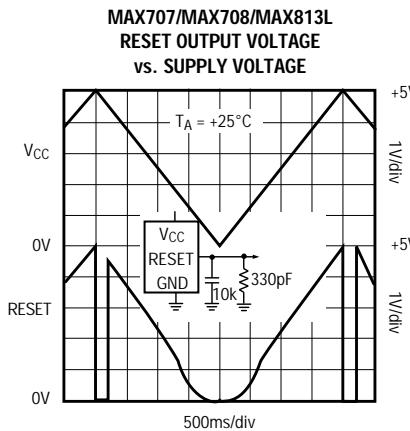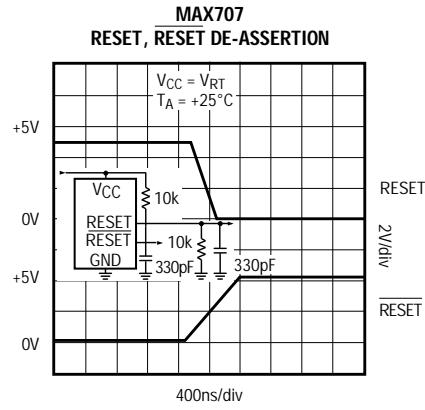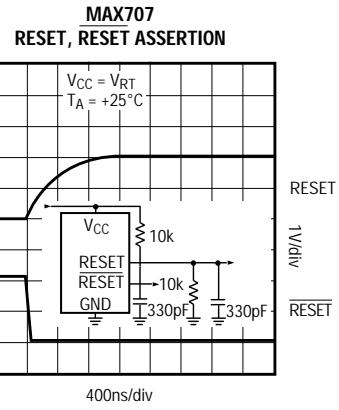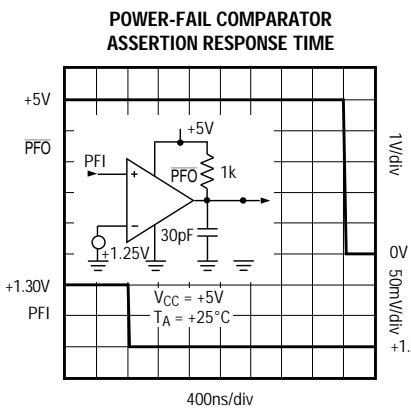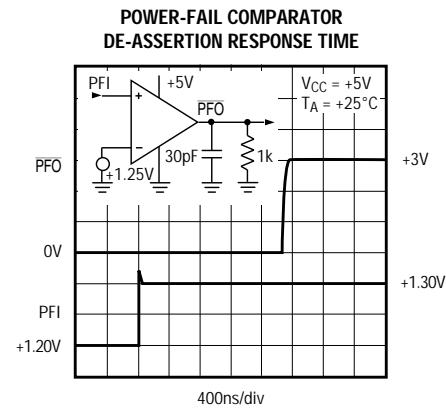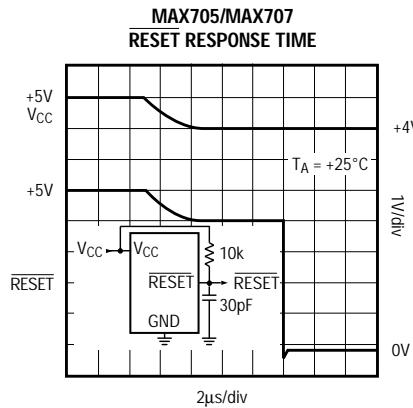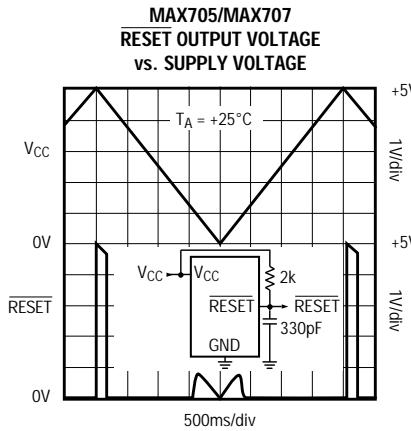
(V_{CC} = 4.75V to 5.5V for MAX705/MAX707/MAX813L, V_{CC} = 4.5V to 5.5V for MAX706/MAX708, T_A = T_{MIN} to T_{MAX}, unless otherwise noted.)

PARAMETER		SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
$\overline{MR}$ Pull-Up Current			$\overline{MR}$ = 0V	100	250	600	µA
$\overline{MR}$ Pulse Width		t_{MR}		150			ns
$\overline{MR}$ Input Threshold	Low					0.8	V
	High			2.0			
$\overline{MR}$ to Reset Out Delay (Note 2)		t_{MD}				250	ns
PFI Input Threshold			V_{CC} = 5V	1.20	1.25	1.30	V
PFI Input Current				-25.00	0.01	25.00	nA
$\overline{PFO}$ Output Voltage			I_{SOURCE} = 800µA	V_{CC} - 1.5			V
			I_{SINK} = 3.2mA			0.4	

Note 2: Applies to both $\overline{RESET}$ in the MAX705-MAX708 and RESET in the MAX707/MAX708/MAX813L.

Low-Cost, µP Supervisory Circuits

MAX705–MAX708/MAX813L

MAX705/MAX707 RESET OUTPUT VOLTAGE vs. SUPPLY VOLTAGE

MAX705/MAX707 RESET RESPONSE TIME

POWER-FAIL COMPARATOR DE-ASSERTION RESPONSE TIME

POWER-FAIL COMPARATOR ASSERTION RESPONSE TIME

MAX707 RESET, RESET ASSERTION

MAX707 RESET, RESET DE-ASSERTION

MAX707/MAX708/MAX813L RESET OUTPUT VOLTAGE vs. SUPPLY VOLTAGE

MAX813L RESET RESPONSE TIME

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Low-Cost, µP Supervisory Circuits

PIN						NAME	FUNCTION
MAX705/MAX706		MAX707/MAX708		MAX813L			
DIP/SO	µMAX	DIP/SO	µMAX	DIP/SO	µMAX		
1	3	1	3	1	3	$\overline{MR}$	Manual-Reset Input triggers a reset pulse when pulled below 0.8V. This active-low input has an internal 250µA pull-up current. It can be driven from a TTL or CMOS logic line as well as shorted to ground with a switch.
2	4	2	4	2	4	V_{CC}	+5V Supply Input
3	5	3	5	3	5	GND	0V Ground Reference for all signals
4	6	4	6	4	6	PFI	Power-Fail Voltage Monitor Input. When PFI is less than 1.25V, $\overline{PFO}$ goes low. Connect PFI to GND or V_{CC} when not used.
5	7	5	7	5	7	$\overline{PFO}$	Power-Fail Output goes low and sinks current when PFI is less than 1.25V; otherwise $\overline{PFO}$ stays high.
6	8	-	-	6	8	WDI	Watchdog Input. If WDI remains high or low for 1.6sec, the internal watchdog timer runs out and WDO goes low (Figure 1). Floating WDI or connecting WDI to a high-impedance three-state buffer disables the watchdog feature. The internal watchdog timer clears whenever reset is asserted, WDI is three-stated, or WDI sees a rising or falling edge.
-	-	6	-	-	-	N.C.	No Connect
7	1	7	1	-	-	$\overline{RESET}$	Active-Low Reset Output pulses low for 200ms when triggered, and stays low whenever V_{CC} is below the reset threshold (4.65V in the MAX705 and 4.40V in the MAX706). It remains low for 200ms after V_{CC} rises above the reset threshold or $\overline{MR}$ goes from low to high (Figure 3). A watchdog timeout will not trigger $\overline{RESET}$ unless $\overline{WDO}$ is connected to $\overline{MR}$.
8	2	-	-	8	2	$\overline{WDO}$	Watchdog Output pulls low when the internal watchdog timer finishes its 1.6sec count and does not go high again until the watchdog is cleared. $\overline{WDO}$ also goes low during low-line conditions. Whenever V_{CC} is below the reset threshold, $\overline{WDO}$ stays low; however, unlike $\overline{RESET}$, $\overline{WDO}$ does not have a minimum pulse width. As soon as V_{CC} rises above the reset threshold, $\overline{WDO}$ goes high with no delay.
-	-	8	2	7	1	RESET	Active-High Reset Output is the inverse of $\overline{RESET}$. Whenever $\overline{RESET}$ is high, RESET is low, and vice versa (Figure 2). The MAX813L has a RESET output only.

MAXIM   MAX705–MAX708/MAX813L

Low-Cost, µP Supervisory Circuits
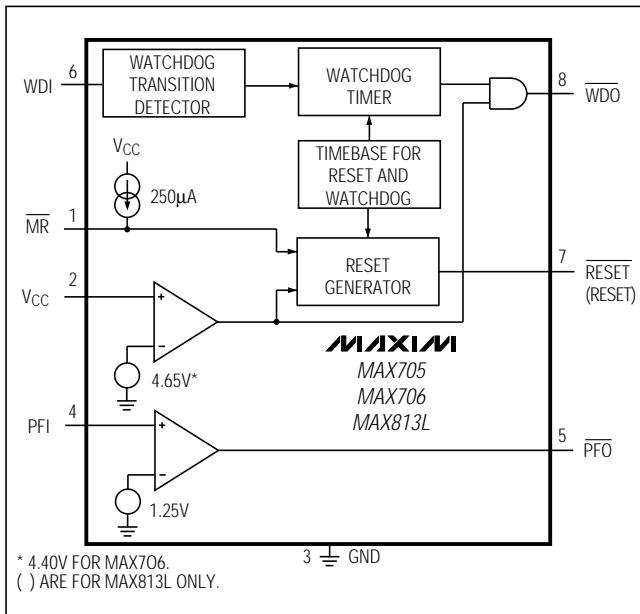
Figure 1. MAX705/MAX706/MAX813L Block Diagram
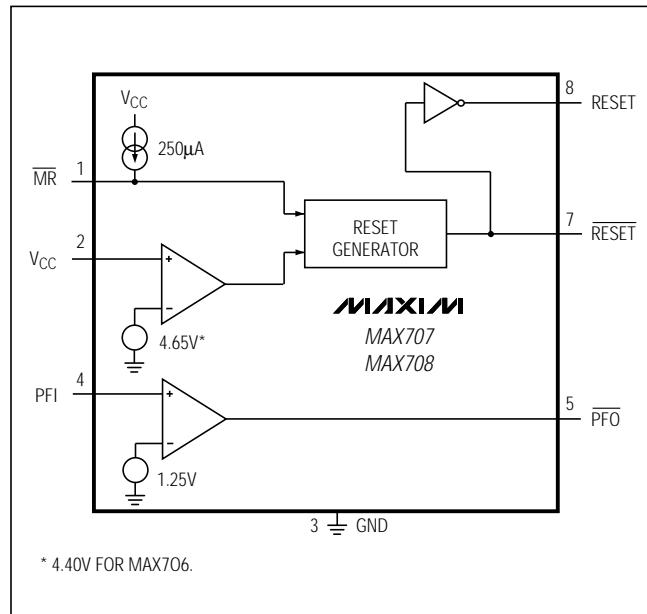
Figure 2. MAX707/MAX708 Block Diagram

_____Detailed Description

Reset Output

A microprocessor's (µP's) reset input starts the µP in a known state. Whenever the µP is in an unknown state, it should be held in reset. The MAX705-MAX708/MAX813L assert reset during power-up and prevent code execution errors during power-down or brownout conditions.

On power-up, once V_{CC} reaches 1V, $\overline{RESET}$ is a guaranteed logic low of 0.4V or less. As V_{CC} rises, $\overline{RESET}$ stays low. When V_{CC} rises above the reset threshold, an internal timer releases $\overline{RESET}$ after about 200ms. $\overline{RESET}$ pulses low whenever V_{CC} dips below the reset threshold, i.e. brownout condition. If brownout occurs in the middle of a previously initiated reset pulse, the pulse continues for at least another 140ms. On power-down, once V_{CC} falls below the reset threshold, $\overline{RESET}$ stays low and is guaranteed to be 0.4V or less until V_{CC} drops below 1V.

The MAX707/MAX708/MAX813L active-high RESET output is simply the complement of the $\overline{RESET}$ output, and is guaranteed to be valid with V_{CC} down to 1.1V. Some µPs, such as Intel's 80C51, require an active-high reset pulse.

Watchdog Timer

The MAX705/MAX706/MAX813L watchdog circuit monitors the µP's activity. If the µP does not toggle the watchdog input (WDI) within 1.6sec and WDI is not three-stated, $\overline{WDO}$ goes low. As long as $\overline{RESET}$ is asserted or the

WDI input is three-stated, the watchdog timer will stay cleared and will not count. As soon as reset is released and WDI is driven high or low, the timer will start counting. Pulses as short as 50ns can be detected.

Typically, $\overline{WDO}$ will be connected to the non-maskable interrupt input (NMI) of a µP. When V_{CC} drops below the reset threshold, $\overline{WDO}$ will go low whether or not the watchdog timer has timed out yet. Normally this would trigger an NMI interrupt, but $\overline{RESET}$ goes low simultaneously, and thus overrides the NMI interrupt.

If WDI is left unconnected, $\overline{WDO}$ can be used as a low-line output. Since floating WDI disables the internal timer, $\overline{WDO}$ goes low only when V_{CC} falls below the reset threshold, thus functioning as a low-line output.

The MAX705/MAX706 have a watchdog timer and a $\overline{RESET}$ output. The MAX707/MAX708 have both active-high and active-low reset outputs. The MAX813L has both an active-high reset output and a watchdog timer.

Manual Reset

The manual-reset input ($\overline{MR}$) allows reset to be triggered by a pushbutton switch. The switch is effectively debounced by the 140ms minimum reset pulse width. $\overline{MR}$ is TTL/CMOS logic compatible, so it can be driven by an external logic line. $\overline{MR}$ can be used to force a watchdog timeout to generate a reset pulse in the MAX705/MAX706/MAX813L. Simply connect $\overline{WDO}$ to $\overline{MR}$.

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Power-Fail Comparator

The power-fail comparator can be used for various purposes because its output and noninverting input are not internally connected. The inverting input is internally connected to a 1.25V reference.
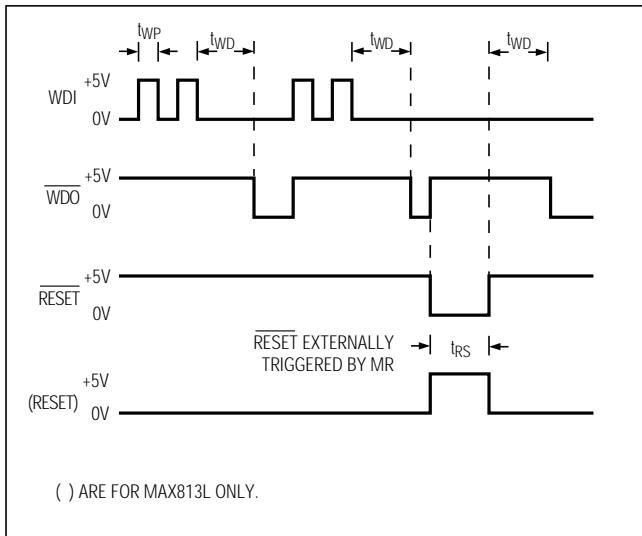
Figure 3. MAX705/MAX706/MAX813L Watchdog Timing
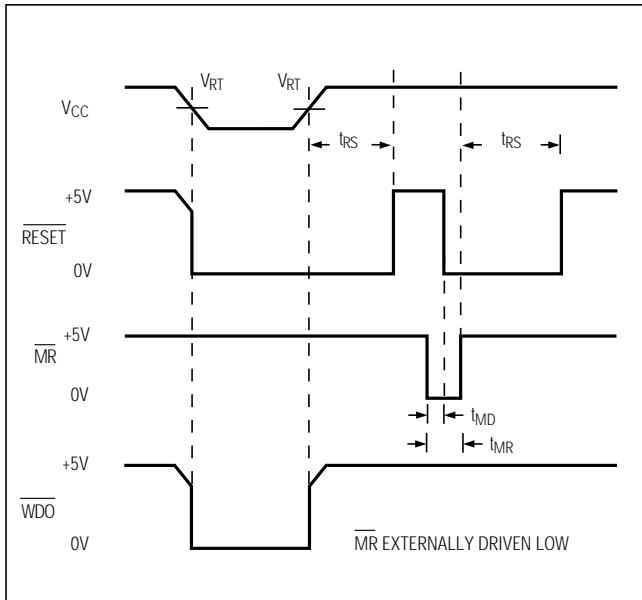
Figure 4. MAX705/MAX706 $\overline{RESET}$, $\overline{MR}$, and $\overline{WDO}$ Timing with WDI Three-Stated. The MAX707/MAX708/MAX813L RESET output is the inverse of $\overline{RESET}$ shown.

To build an early-warning circuit for power failure, connect the PFI pin to a voltage divider (see *Typical Operating Circuit*). Choose the voltage divider ratio so that the voltage at PFI falls below 1.25V just before the +5V regulator drops out. Use $\overline{PFO}$ to interrupt the µP so it can prepare for an orderly power-down.

_____Applications Information

Ensuring a Valid $\overline{RESET}$ Output Down to $V_{CC} = 0V$

When V_{CC} falls below 1V, the MAX705-MAX708 $\overline{RESET}$ output no longer sinks current—it becomes an open circuit. High-impedance CMOS logic inputs can drift to undetermined voltages if left undriven. If a pull-down resistor is added to the $\overline{RESET}$ pin as shown in Figure 5, any stray charge or leakage currents will be drained to ground, holding $\overline{RESET}$ low. Resistor value (R1) is not critical. It should be about 100kΩ, large enough not to load $\overline{RESET}$ and small enough to pull $\overline{RESET}$ to ground.

Monitoring Voltages Other Than the Unregulated DC Input

Monitor voltages other than the unregulated DC by connecting a voltage divider to PFI and adjusting the ratio appropriately. If required, add hysteresis by connecting a resistor (with a value approximately 10 times the sum of the two resistors in the potential divider network) between PFI and $\overline{PFO}$. A capacitor between PFI and GND will reduce the power-fail circuit's sensitivity to high-frequency noise on the line being monitored. $\overline{RESET}$ can be asserted on other voltages in addition to the +5V V_{CC} line. Connect $\overline{PFO}$ to $\overline{MR}$ to initiate a $\overline{RESET}$ pulse when PFI drops below 1.25V. Figure 6 shows the MAX705-MAX708 configured to assert $\overline{RESET}$ when the +5V supply falls below the reset threshold, or when the +12V supply falls below approximately 11V.

Monitoring a Negative Voltage

The power-fail comparator can also monitor a negative supply rail (Figure 7). When the negative rail is good (a negative voltage of large magnitude), $\overline{PFO}$ is low, and when the negative rail is degraded (a negative voltage of lesser magnitude), $\overline{PFO}$ is high. By adding the resistors and transistor as shown, a high $\overline{PFO}$ triggers reset. As long as $\overline{PFO}$ remains high, the MAX705-MAX708/MAX813L will keep reset asserted ($\overline{RESET}$ = low, RESET = high). Note that this circuit's accuracy depends on the PFI threshold tolerance, the V_{CC} line, and the resistors.
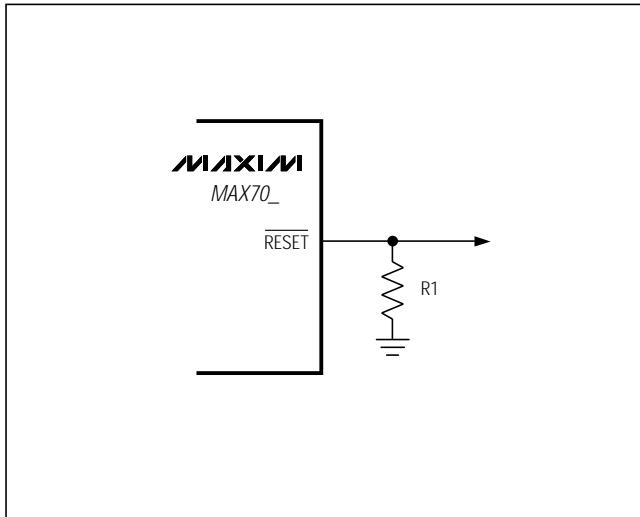
Figure 5. $\overline{RESET}$ Valid to Ground Circuit

PARAMETER	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
+12V Reset Threshold at +25°C	10.67	10.87	11.50	V
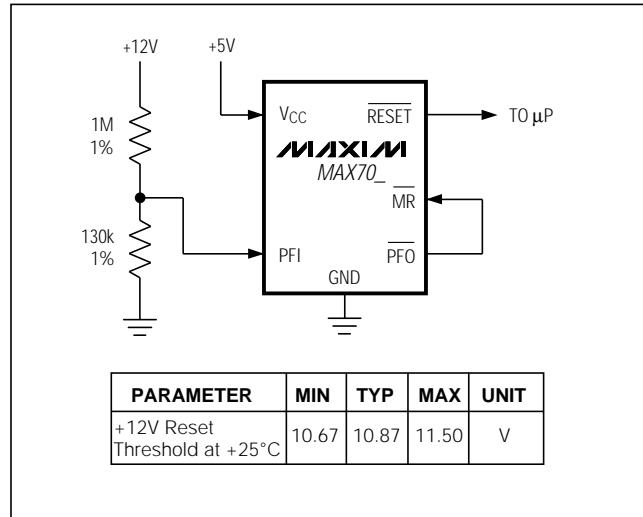
Figure 6. Monitoring Both +5V and +12V

$$\frac{5 - 1.25}{R1} = \frac{1.25 - V_{TRIP}}{R2}, V_{TRIP} < 0$$
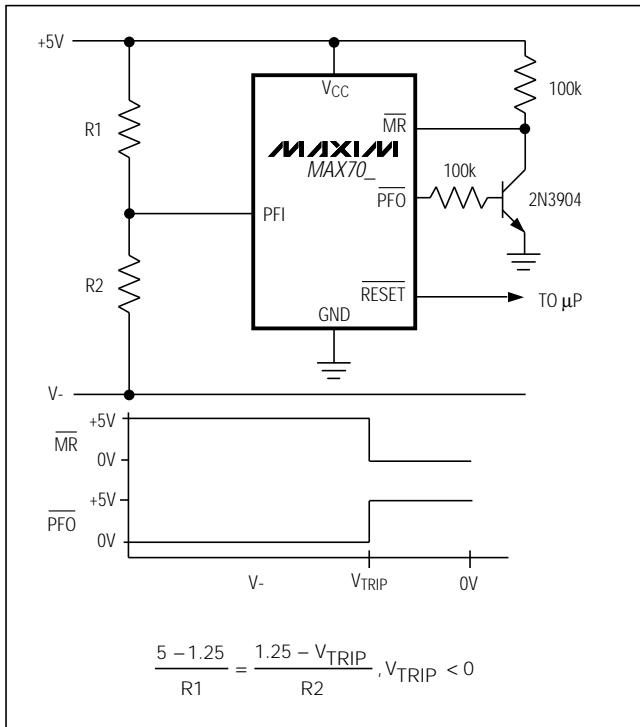
Figure 7. Monitoring a Negative Voltage
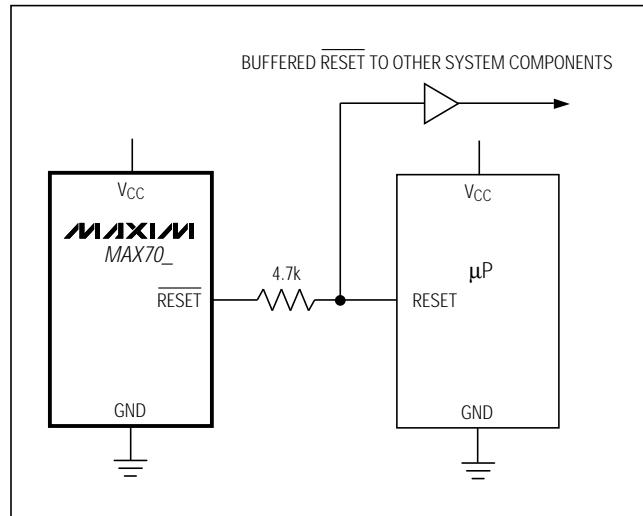
Figure 8. Interfacing to µPs with Bidirectional Reset I/O

Interfacing to µPs with Bidirectional Reset Pins

µPs with bidirectional reset pins, such as the Motorola 68HC11 series, can contend with the MAX705-MAX708 $\overline{RESET}$ output. If, for example, the $\overline{RESET}$ output is driven high and the µP wants to pull it low, indeterminate logic levels may result. To correct this, connect a 4.7kΩ resistor between the $\overline{RESET}$ output and the µP reset I/O, as in Figure 8. Buffer the $\overline{RESET}$ output to other system components.

Low-Cost, µP Supervisory Circuits
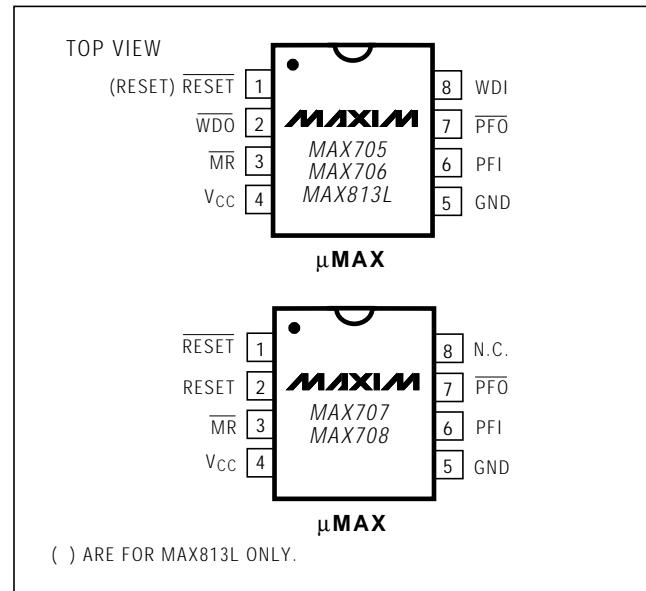
__Ordering Information (continued)

| PART	TEMP. RANGE	PIN-PACKAGE
MAX705EPA	-40°C to +85°C	8 Plastic DIP
MAX705ESA	-40°C to +85°C	8 SO
MAX705MJA	-55°C to +125°C	8 CERDIP**
MAX706CPA	0°C to +70°C	8 Plastic DIP
MAX706CSA	0°C to +70°C	8 SO
MAX706CUA	0°C to +70°C	8 µMAX
MAX706C/D	0°C to +70°C	Dice*
MAX706EPA	-40°C to +85°C	8 Plastic DIP
MAX706ESA	-40°C to +85°C	8 SO
MAX706MJA	-55°C to +125°C	8 CERDIP**
MAX707CPA	0°C to +70°C	8 Plastic DIP
MAX707CSA	0°C to +70°C	8 SO
MAX707CUA	0°C to +70°C	8 µMAX
MAX707C/D	0°C to +70°C	Dice*
MAX707EPA	-40°C to +85°C	8 Plastic DIP
MAX707ESA	-40°C to +85°C	8 SO
MAX707MJA	-55°C to +125°C	8 CERDIP**
MAX708CPA	0°C to +70°C	8 Plastic DIP
MAX708CSA	0°C to +70°C	8 SO
MAX708CUA	0°C to +70°C	8 µMAX
MAX708C/D	0°C to +70°C	Dice*
MAX708EPA	-40°C to +85°C	8 Plastic DIP
MAX708ESA	-40°C to +85°C	8 SO
MAX708MJA	-55°C to +125°C	8 CERDIP**
MAX813LCPA	0°C to +70°C	8 Plastic DIP
MAX813LCSA	0°C to +70°C	8 SO
MAX813LCUA	0°C to +70°C	8 µMAX
MAX813LC/D	0°C to +70°C	Dice*
MAX813LEPA	-40°C to +85°C	8 Plastic DIP
MAX813LESA	-40°C to +85°C	8 SO
MAX813LMJA	-55°C to +125°C	8 CERDIP**
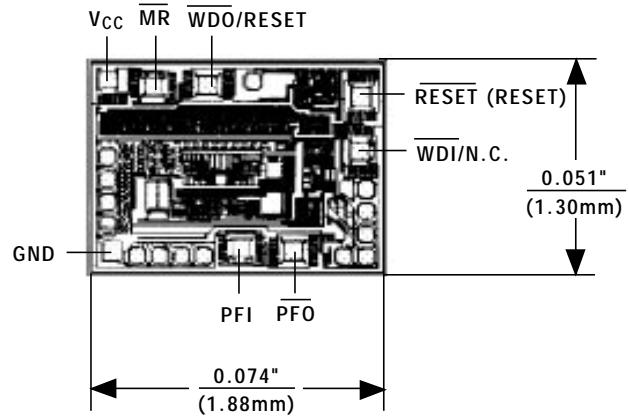
*Dice are specified at T_A = +25 °C.
**Contact factory for availability and processing to MIL-STD-883.

_____Pin Configuration (continued)

( ) ARE FOR MAX813L ONLY.

_____Chip Topography
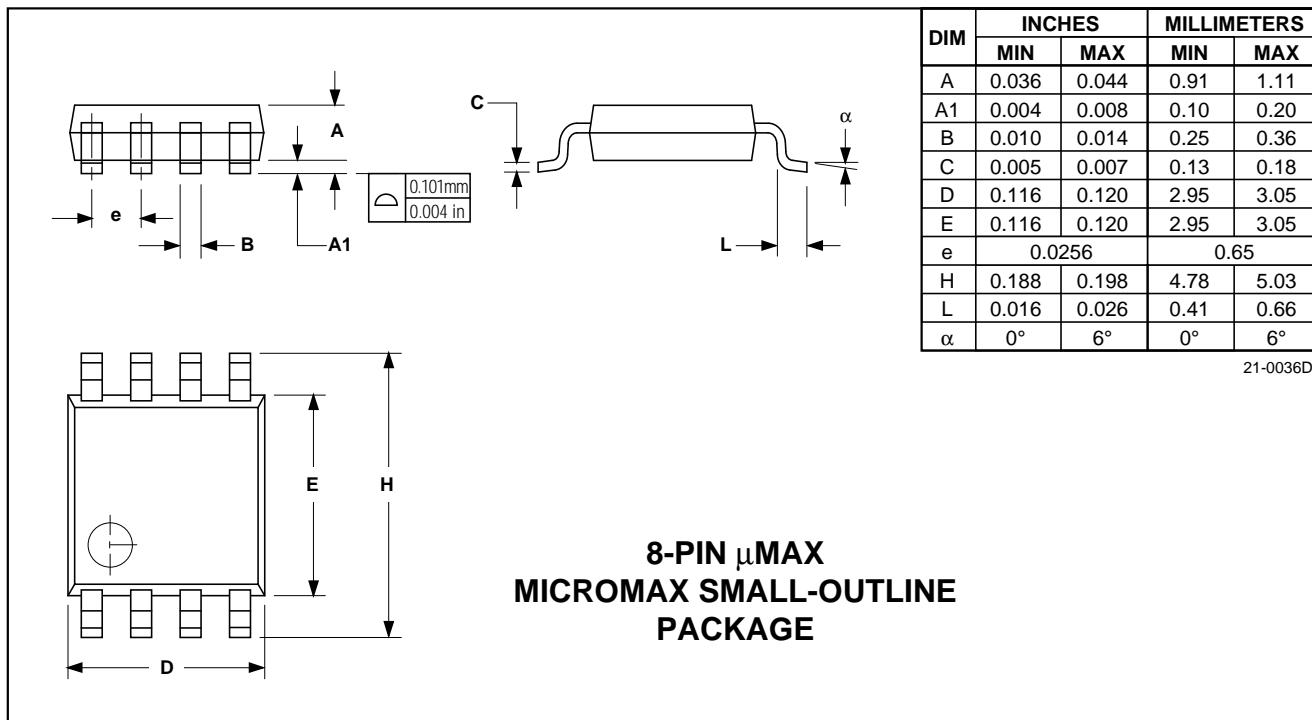
( ) ARE FOR MAX813L ONLY.
TRANSISTOR COUNT: 572
SUBSTRATE MUST BE LEFT UNCONNECTED.

Low-Cost, µP Supervisory Circuits

DIM	INCHES		MILLIMETERS	
	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX
A	0.036	0.044	0.91	1.11
A1	0.004	0.008	0.10	0.20
B	0.010	0.014	0.25	0.36
C	0.005	0.007	0.13	0.18
D	0.116	0.120	2.95	3.05
E	0.116	0.120	2.95	3.05
e	0.0256		0.65	
H	0.188	0.198	4.78	5.03
L	0.016	0.026	0.41	0.66
α	0°	6°	0°	6°

21-0036D

8-PIN µMAX
MICROMAX SMALL-OUTLINE
PACKAGE

MAX705–MAX708/MAX813L

MAXIM

µP Supervisory Circuits

Part Number	Nominal Reset Threshold (V)	Minimum Reset Pulse Width (ms)	Active-Low Reset	Active-High Reset	RESET Valid to Vcc = 1V	Nominal Watchdog Timeout Period (sec), if Available	Separate Watchdog Output	Backup-Battery Switch	Vcc-to-Vout On Resistance Max (Ω)	VBatt-to-Vout On Resistance Max (Ω)	CE Write Protect	Power-Fail Comparator	Manual-Reset Input	Low-Line Output	Battery-On Output	ISUPPLY Operating Mode mA max (typ)	ISUPPLY Backup Mode µA max (typ)	Pins	Price† ($) 1000-up
MAX1232	4.37/4.62	250	✓	✓	✓	0.15/0.6/1.2						✓	✓			0.20(0.05)		8	1.71
MAX690A/692A	4.65/4.40	140	✓		✓	1.6		✓		400		✓				0.35(0.2)	5(0.05)	8	3.26
MAX690R/S/T	2.63/2.93/3.08	140	✓		✓	1.6		✓		400		✓				0.50(0.4)	1(0.4)	8	3.23
MAX691A/693A	4.65/4.40	140/adj.		✓		1.6/adj.	✓	✓	1.2	25	✓/10ns	✓			✓	0.1(0.035)	5(0.04)	16	3.61
MAX1691	The MAX1691 is a module with the MAX691A and a 125mAh lithium battery						✓								✓			16	††
MAX696	Adj.	35/adj.		✓		1.6/adj.	✓	✓			✓	✓	✓		✓			16	3.55
MAX697	Adj.	35/adj.		✓		1.6/adj.	✓				✓	✓	✓	✓				16	3.58
MAX700	4.65/adj.	200	✓									✓	✓			0.2(0.1)		8	2.17
MAX703/704	4.65/4.40	140	✓		✓							✓	✓			0.35(0.2)	5(0.05)	8	1.38*
MAX704R/S/T	2.63/2.93/3.08	140	✓		✓							✓	✓			0.5(0.4)	1(0.4)	8	2.93
MAX705/706	4.65/4.40	140	✓		✓	1.6	✓					✓	✓	✓		0.35(0.2)		8	1.02*
MAX706P	2.63	140	✓		✓	1.6	✓					✓	✓	✓		0.35(0.2)		8	1.71
MAX706R/S/T	2.63/2.93/3.08	140	✓		✓	1.6	✓					✓	✓	✓		0.35(0.2)		8	1.71
MAX707/708	4.65/4.40	140	✓		✓							✓	✓	✓		0.35(0.2)		8	0.88*
MAX708R/S/T	2.63/2.93/3.08	140	✓		✓							✓	✓	✓		0.35(0.2)		8	1.63
MAX791	4.65	140	✓		✓	1	✓	✓	1.2	25	✓/10ns	✓ ±2%	✓	✓	✓	0.15(0.06)	5(0.04)	16	3.90
MAX792L/M/R/S/T	4.65/4.40, 2.63/2.93/3.08	140	✓		✓	1	✓	✓			✓/10ns	✓ ±2%	✓	✓	✓	0.15(0.07)	5(0.04)	16	3.42
MAX793R/S/U/T	2.63/2.93/3.07/3.08	140	✓		✓	1.6	✓	✓	TBD	TBD	✓	✓	✓	✓		TBD	TBD	16	††
MAX794	Adj.	140	✓		✓	1.6	✓	✓	TBD	TBD	✓	✓	✓	✓		TBD	TBD	16	††
MAX795R/S/U/T	2.63/2.93/3.07/3.08	140	✓		✓	1.6/adj.	✓	✓	TBD	TBD	✓	✓	✓			TBD	TBD	8	††
MAX800L/M	4.60/4.40	140	✓/±1.5%	✓	✓	1.6		✓	1.2	25	✓/10ns	✓ ±2%		✓	✓	0.1(0.035)	5(0.04)	16	3.88
MAX801L/N/M	4.68/4.58/4.43	140	✓/±1.5%		✓	1.6	✓	✓	TBD	TBD		✓ ±2%			✓	TBD	TBD	8	††
MAX802L/M/R/S/T	4.60/4.40, 2.63/2.93/3.08	140	✓		✓	1.6	✓	✓	10	400		✓ ±2%			✓	0.35(0.2)	5(0.05)	8	3.59
MAX804R/S/T	2.63/2.93/3.08	140			✓	1.6		✓	6	400	✓	✓ ±2%	✓		✓	0.5(0.4)	1(0.4)	8	3.66
MAX805L/M/R/S/T	4.65/4.40, 2.63/2.93/3.08	140			✓	1.6		✓	10	400	✓	✓ ±2%	✓		✓	0.35(0.2)	5(0.05)	8	3.26
MAX806R/S/T	2.63/2.93/3.08	140	✓		✓	1.6		✓	6	400	✓	✓ ±2%	✓		✓	0.5(0.4)	1(0.4)	8	3.90
MAX807L/N/M	4.68/4.58/4.43	140	✓/±1.5%		✓		✓	✓	TBD	TBD	✓	✓ ±2%	✓		✓	TBD	TBD	8	††
MAX808L/N/M	4.68/4.58/4.43	140	✓/±1.5%		✓	1.6	✓	✓	TBD	TBD	✓	✓ ±2%	✓		✓	TBD	TBD	16	††
MAX809L/M/R/S/T	4.65/4.40, 2.63/2.93/3.08	140	✓		✓							✓ ±2%	✓	✓		0.06(0.024)		3	††
MAX810L/M/R/S/T	4.65/4.40, 2.63/2.93/3.08	140			✓							✓ ±2%	✓	✓		0.06(0.024)		3	††
MAX813L	4.65	140	✓	✓	✓	1.6	✓					✓ ±2%	✓			0.35(0.2)		8	1.02*
MAX814K/L/N/T	4.80/4.70/4.55/3.03	140	✓/±1%	✓/±1%	✓	1.6	✓					✓ ±2%	✓	✓		TBD	TBD	8	††
MAX815K/L/N/T	4.80/4.70/4.55/3.03	140	✓/±1%	✓/±1%	✓							✓ ±2%	✓	✓		TBD	TBD	8	††
MAX816	Adj./±1%	140	✓/±1%		✓		✓					✓ ±2%	✓	✓		TBD	TBD	8	††
MAX820L/M/R/S/T	4.65/4.40, 2.63/2.93/3.08	140				1	✓	✓			✓/10ns			✓	✓	0.15(0.07)		16	3.82
MXD1210	4.37/4.62					1		✓	2.5	667	✓					0.5(0.23)	0.1(0.002)	8	2.44

† Prices provided are for design guidance and are FOB USA (unless otherwise noted). International prices will differ due to local duties, taxes, and exchange rates.

†† Future product—contact factory for pricing and availability. Specifications are preliminary.

* 25,000 pc. price, factory direct

Low-Cost, µP Supervisory Circuits

MAX705–MAX708/MAX813L